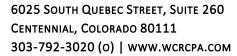
SABELL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Jefferson County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Sabell Metropolitan District Jefferson County, Colorado

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Sabell Metropolitan District, Jefferson County, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, which collectively comprise the Sabell Metropolitan District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Sabell Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Sabell Metropolitan District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Sabell Metropolitan District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Sabell Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the

financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sabell Metropolitan District's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Sabell Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basis financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial

statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basis financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Sabell Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information listed in the table of contents are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and was not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplemental schedules of Debt Service Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual and Capital Projects Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Debt Service Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual and Capital Projects Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity and Schedule of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express any opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Watson Coon Ryan, LLC August 22, 2023

Watson Coon Ryan, LLC

Centennial, Colorado



SABELL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 91,125
Cash and Investments - Restricted	984,838
Receivable - County Treasurer	1,053
Receivable - Other	8,554
Prepaid Expenses	4,041
Property Taxes Receivable	303,377
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	6,723,335
Total Assets	8,116,323
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	32,459
Unearned Revenues	14,719
Accrued Interest Payable	506,429
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due in More Than One Year	10,327,242
Total Liabilities	10,880,849
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenues	303,377
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	303,377
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	4,800
Unrestricted	(3,072,703)
T (IN (D) '''	
Total Net Position	\$ (3,067,903)

SABELL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position Governmental Activities		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	\$ 151,373 655,291	\$ 97,059	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ (54,314) (655,291)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 806,664	\$ 97,059	\$ -	\$ -	(709,605)		
GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Net Investment Income Total General Revenues							
	CHANGE IN NET		(437,918)				
	Net Position - Begi	(2,629,985)					
	NET POSITION - E	\$ (3,067,903)					

SABELL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

			pecial evenue	 Debt Service	Capital rojects	Total Governmental Fund		
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Prepaid Expenses Receivable - County Treasurer Receivable - Other	\$	13,530 1,800 4,041 243	\$	77,595 3,000 - - 8,554	\$ 980,038 - 810 -	\$ - - - -	\$	91,125 984,838 4,041 1,053 8,554
Property Taxes Receivable		70,008			 233,369	 		303,377
Total Assets	\$	89,622	\$	89,149	\$ 1,214,217	\$ 	\$	1,392,988
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$	16,907 - 16,907	\$	15,552 14,719 30,271	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	32,459 14,719 47,178
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Property Taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		70,008 70,008		-	 233,369 233,369	-		303,377 303,377
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid Expenses Restricted for: Emergency Reserves Debt Service Committed for: Operations Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	4,041 1,800 - (3,134) 2,707	\$	3,000 - 55,878 - 58,878 89,149	\$ 980,848 - 980,848 1,214,217	\$ - - - - - -		4,041 4,800 980,848 55,878 (3,134) 1,042,433
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not								
reported in the funds. Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are no due and payable in the current period and, therefore,								6,723,335
are not reported in the funds. Bonds Payable Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable Notes Payable Accrued Interest on Notes Payable Developer Advance Payable Accrued Interest on Developer Advance								(9,594,644) (487,663) (533,000) (18,766) (178,390) (21,208)
Net Position of Governmental Activities							\$	(3,067,903)

SABELL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			_			5.17			_	Total
	General		Speci		Debt Service		Capital		Governmental Fund	
		<u> </u>		evenue	Service		_	Projects		Fullu
REVENUES										
Property Taxes	\$	54,930	\$	-	\$	183,104	\$	-	\$	238,034
Specific Ownership Taxes	•	3,771	•	_	•	12,570	•	-	,	16,341
Operations Fees		-		31,659		-		_		31,659
Transfer Fees		-		65,400		-		-		65,400
Net Investment Income		68		-		17,244		-		17,312
Total Revenues		58,769		97,059		212,918		-		368,746
EXPENDITURES										
General:										
Accounting		26,910		-		-		-		26,910
Audit		5,200		-		-		-		5,200
County Treasurer's Fees		825		-		2,750		-		3,575
District Management		-		13,667		-		-		13,667
Dues and Licenses		330		-		-		-		330
Election Expense		2,755		-		-		-		2,755
Engineering		-		-		-		1,733		1,733
Insurance		4,248		-		-		-		4,248
Landscaping		-		300		-		-		300
Legal Services		54,098		-		-		-		54,098
Miscellaneous		615		-		-		-		615
Snow Removal		-		40,692		-		-		40,692
Debt Service:										
Bond Interest - Series 2020A		-		-		369,750		-		369,750
Paying Agent Fees		-		-		7,000		-		7,000
Capital Projects:										
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		342,096		342,096
Debt Issuance Costs		-		-		-		88,000		88,000
Total Expenditures		94,981		54,659	_	379,500		431,829		960,969
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER		(00.040)		40,400		(400 500)		(404.000)		(500,000)
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(36,212)		42,400		(166,582)		(431,829)		(592,223)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Issuance of Line of Credit - 2022		-		-		-		533,000		533,000
Developer Advance		43,268		-		-		343,829		387,097
Repay Developer Advance				-				(445,000)		(445,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		43,268		-				431,829		475,097
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		7,056		42,400		(166,582)		-		(117,126)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		(4,349)		16,478		1,147,430				1,159,559
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	2,707	\$	58,878	\$	980,848	\$		\$	1,042,433

SABELL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (117,126)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation/amortization expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capital Outlay - Current Year	342,096
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., Bonds, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds record the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued as expenditures, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Issuance of Line of Credit Developer Advances Repayment of Developer Advance	(533,000) (387,097) 445,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Amortization of Bond Premium Accrued Interest on Developer Advance - Change in Liability Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability	19,308 (15,114) (191,985)

(437,918)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

SABELL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Buo	lget		,	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)		
REVENUES	 							
Property Taxes	\$ 54,930	\$	54,930	\$	54,930	\$	-	
Specific Ownership Taxes	3,845		3,845		3,771		(74)	
Net Investment Income	 _				68		68	
Total Revenues	58,775		58,775		58,769		(6)	
EXPENDITURES								
Accounting	33,000		26,910		26,910		-	
Auditing	5,500		5,200		5,200		-	
County Treasurer's Fees	824		825		825		=	
Dues and Licenses	500		330		330		=	
Insurance	4,000		4,248		4,248		-	
Legal Services	35,000		54,098		54,098		=	
Miscellaneous	-		615		615		-	
Election Expense	-		2,755		2,755		-	
Contingency	 3,176		15,019		<u>-</u>		15,019	
Total Expenditures	 82,000		110,000		94,981		15,019	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(23,225)		(51,225)		(36,212)		15,013	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Developer Advance	 25,000		25,000		43,268		18,268	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	25,000		25,000		43,268		18,268	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,775		(26,225)		7,056		33,281	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 962		962		(4,349)		(5,311)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,737	\$	(25,263)	\$	2,707	\$	27,970	

SABELL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget			Actual mounts	Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES						
Operations Fees	\$	27,800	\$	31,659	\$	3,859
Transfer Fees		36,900		65,400		28,500
Total Revenues		64,700		97,059		32,359
EXPENDITURES						
District Management		22,400		13,667		8,733
Landscaping		10,000		300		9,700
Miscellaneous		1,100		-		1,100
Repairs and Maintenance		4,500		-		4,500
Snow Removal		10,000		40,692		(30,692)
Trash Removal		10,000		-		10,000
Utilities		5,000		-		5,000
Total Expenditures		63,000		54,659		8,341
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,700		42,400		40,700
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		300		16,478		16,178
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,000	\$	58,878	\$	56,878

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Sabell Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court in and for Jefferson County, Colorado on January 24, 2019, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District was organized as Sabell Metropolitan District No. 1, and subsequently on December 12, 2019, pursuant to an order of the District Court for the County of Jefferson, the District's name was changed to Sabell Metropolitan District.

At a special election of the eligible electors of the District held on November 6, 2018, a majority of those qualified to vote voted in favor of certain ballot questions authorizing the issuance of indebtedness and imposition of taxes for the payment thereof, for the purpose of providing financing for the acquisition, construction, installation, and completion of certain public improvements.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for Operations Fees received and expenditures incurred in connection with operations and maintenance of the District.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of the net investment in capital assets component of the District's net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 91,125
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 984,838
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,075,963

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 97,140
Investments	978,823
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,075,963

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash Deposits (Continued)

The state Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and carrying balance of \$97,140.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities of the World Bank
- . Certain international agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 <u>Amount</u>
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund	Weighted-Average	 _
Trust (CSAFE)	Under 60 Days	\$ 978,823

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operates similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE CASH FUND may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under Section 24-75-601.1, C.R.S.

CSAFE CORE, a variable net asset value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by Section 24-75-601.1, C.R.S., including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, and highest rated commercial paper.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in the District's capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

	Balance - cember 31, 2021	A	Additions Reductions				Balance - cember 31, 2022
Governmental Type Activities: Capital Assets, Not Being							
Depreciated:							
Construction in Progress	\$ 6,381,239	\$	342,096	\$		\$	6,723,335
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	\$ 6,381,239	\$	342,096	\$		\$	6,723,335

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Governmental Activities		Balance - December 31, 2021 Addi		Additions Reductions		eductions	Balance - December 31, 2022		Due Within One Year	
Bonds Payable: Limited Tax General										
Obligation Bonds:	•	7 005 000	•		•		•	7.005.000	•	
Series 2020A Series 2020A - Premium	\$	7,395,000 402.952	\$	-	\$	19,308	\$	7,395,000 383.644	\$	-
Series 2020A - Fremium Series 2020B(3)		1,816,000		-		-		1,816,000		-
Total Bonds Payable		9,613,952		-		19,308		9,594,644		-
Notes/Loans/Bonds From Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements: Nonrevolving Line of Credit Note										
Series 2022		<u>-</u>		533,000		-		533,000		
Total Notes/Loans/Bonds From Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:		-		533,000		-		533,000		-
Other Debts:										
Developer Advances: Operational		130.889		43,268				17/ 157		
Capital		101,932		343.829		441,528		174,157 4,233		-
Accrued Interest on		. ,		,-		,		,		
Developer Advances:		0.570		40.000				00.074		
Operational Capital		8,572 994		12,399 2,715		3,472		20,971 237		-
Total Other Debts		242,387		402,211		445,000		199,598		-
Total Long Term Obligations	\$	9,856,339	\$	935,211	\$	464,308	\$	10,327,242	\$	

The details of the District's general obligation bonds outstanding during 2022 are as follows:

Bond Proceeds

The District issued Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020A on March 5, 2020, in the par amount of \$7,395,000 (the Senior Bonds). The District also issued Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020B(3) on March 5, 2020, in the par amount of \$1,816,000 (the Subordinate Bonds). Proceeds from the sale of the Senior Bonds were used to: (i) finance public improvements related to the Development; (ii) fund capitalized interest on the Senior Bonds; (iii) partially fund the Senior Surplus Fund; and (iv) pay the costs of issuance of the Senior Bonds and certain costs of issuance of the Subordinate Bonds. Proceeds from the sale of the Subordinate Bonds were used to finance additional public improvements related to the Development.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Senior Bonds Details

The Senior Bonds bear interest at 5.0%, payable semi-annually to the extent of Senior Pledged Revenue available on June 1 and December 1 (Interest Payment Dates), beginning on June 1, 2020. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2024. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2050. To the extent principal of any Senior Bond is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid and shall continue to bear interest at the rate then borne by the Senior Bond, subject to discharge on December 2, 2060. To the extent interest on any Senior Bond is not paid when due, such interest shall compound on each Interest Payment Date at the rate then borne by the Senior Bonds, subject to discharge on December 2, 2060. Any amount of unpaid principal of or interest on the 2020A Senior Bonds shall be deemed discharged on December 2, 2060. The Senior Bonds are not subject to early termination. The Senior Bonds are not subject to acceleration. The Senior Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit. No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Senior Bonds.

Senior Pledged Revenue

The Senior Bonds are secured by and payable from the Senior Pledged Revenue, which means the moneys derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection and any property tax refunds or abatements authorized by or on behalf of the County: (a) the Senior Required Mill Levy; (b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Senior Required Mill Levy; and (c) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Senior Pledged Revenue.

Senior Required Mill Levy

Pursuant to the Senior Indenture, prior to the Conversion Date the District has covenanted to impose a Senior Required Mill Levy on all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient pay the Senior Bonds as they come due, but (i) not in excess of 50 mills (subject to adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation occurring after January 1, 2017), and (ii) for so long as the Senior Surplus Fund is required to be maintained and the amount on deposit therein is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount, not less than 50 mills (subject to adjustment), or such lesser mill levy which will pay the Senior Bonds as they come due and will fund the Senior Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount.

On and after the Conversion Date, the Senior Required Mill Levy will be an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Bonds as the same become due and payable and, without limitation of rate and in amounts sufficient to make such payments and replenishments when due. Conversion Date means the date that the Debt to Assessed Ratio is 50% or less and no payments of principal or interest on the Bonds are past due and the amount on deposit in the Senior Surplus Fund is not less than the initial deposit in the Senior Surplus Fund.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Senior Bonds Optional Redemption

The Senior Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on March 1, 2025, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
March 1, 2025, to February 28, 2026	3.00%
March 1, 2026, to February 28, 2027	2.00
March 1, 2027, to February 28, 2028	1.00
March 1, 2028, and thereafter	0.00

Additional Security for Senior Bonds

The Senior Surplus Fund was partially funded from Senior Bond proceeds in the amount of \$575,000. Prior to the Conversion Date, excess Senior Pledged Revenue in any year will be deposited to and held in the Senior Surplus Fund, up to the Maximum Senior Surplus Amount of \$1,479,000. Per the Senior Indenture, the Senior Surplus Fund will be terminated on the Conversion Date and any moneys therein applied to the payment of the Subordinate Bonds and thereafter, to any legal purpose of the District. The balance in the Senior Surplus Fund as of December 31, 2022, is \$586,143.

Events of Default of the Senior Bonds

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Senior Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Senior Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Senior Indenture.

Subordinate Bonds Details

The Subordinate Bonds bear interest at a rate of 8.25% per annum and are structured as "cash flow" bonds, meaning that no regularly scheduled payments of principal are due on the Subordinate Bonds prior to their maturity date. Instead, principal is payable on each December 15 from the available Subordinate Pledged Revenue, if any, pursuant to a mandatory redemption. Interest on the Subordinate Bonds is payable on each December 15, commencing December 15, 2020, to the extent of the Subordinate Pledged Revenue and accrued unpaid interest on the Subordinate Bonds will compound annually on each December 15 until sufficient Subordinate Pledged Revenue is available for payment. Payment of principal of and interest on the Subordinate Bonds is subordinate to the annual payment of debt service on the Senior Bonds and to the funding of the Senior Surplus Fund. In the event that any amount of principal of or interest on the Subordinate Bonds remains unpaid on December 16, 2060, the Subordinate Bonds will be deemed discharged. The Subordinate Bonds are not subject to acceleration. The Subordinate Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit. No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Subordinate Bonds.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Events of Default of the Subordinate Bonds

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Subordinate Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Senior Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Senior Indenture.

Subordinate Bonds Optional Redemption

The Subordinate Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on March 1, 2025, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	<u>Redemption</u>			
Date of Nedemption	<u>Premium</u>			
March 1, 2025, to February 28, 2026	3.00%			
March 1, 2026, to February 28, 2027	2.00			
March 1, 2027, to February 28, 2028	1.00			
March 1, 2028, and thereafter	0.00			

Subordinate Pledged Revenue

The Subordinate Bonds are secured by and payable solely from and to the extent of Subordinate Pledged Revenue, net of any costs of collection and any property tax refunds or abatements authorized by or on behalf of the County, which includes: (a) the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax resulting from the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (c) the amounts, if any, in the Senior Surplus Fund released to the District pursuant to the Senior Indenture; and (d) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Subordinate Pledged Revenue.

Pursuant to the Subordinate Indenture, the District has covenanted to impose a Subordinate Required Mill Levy in the amount of (i) 50 mills (subject to adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation occurring after January 1, 2017) less the Senior Bond Required Mill Levy. It is the intent that if the amount of the Senior Required Mill Levy equals or exceeds 50 mills in any year, adjusted for changes, the Subordinate Required Mill Levy for that year shall be zero.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The outstanding principal and interest of the Senior Bonds are due as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ -	\$ 369,750	\$ 369,750
2024	15,000	369,750	384,750
2025	85,000	369,000	454,000
2026	95,000	364,750	459,750
2027	100,000	360,000	460,000
2028 - 2032	675,000	1,713,250	2,388,250
2033 - 2037	990,000	1,514,250	2,504,250
2038 - 2042	1,420,000	1,226,250	2,646,250
2043 - 2047	1,945,000	821,000	2,766,000
2048 - 2050	2,070,000	238,750	2,308,750
Total	\$ 7,395,000	\$ 7,346,750	\$ 14,741,750

The annual debt service requirements on the Subordinate Bonds are not included in the schedule above since they are payable only from available Subordinate Pledged Revenue.

The details of the District's Nonrevolving Line of Credit Note outstanding during 2022 are as follows:

Note Proceeds

The District issued Subordinate Nonrevolving Line of Credit Note, Series 2022, on April 19, 2022 with a not to exceed amount of \$3,700,000 (the Note). Proceeds from issuing the Note are used to reimburse Advances to the District by the Developer and to finance additional public improvements related to the Development. The initial principal balance of the Note is \$533,000 and remains outstanding as of as of December 31, 2022.

Note Details

The Note shall be a nonrevolving line of credit, and principal shall be increased as Advances are made pursuant to the terms of the Note Resolution. The Note is dated as of April 19, 2022. The Note bears interest at the rate of 5.00% per annum, each computed for actual days elapsed on the basis of a 365-day year, payable annually to the extent of any Pledged Revenue available thereunder, on each December 16th, commencing on December 16, 2022, and matures on December 16, 2052. On the date where costs of the Public Improvements are verified, the principal balance of the Note can be increased by the amount of such Advances and the District shall record such Advances on Schedule 1 of the Note. The initial principal balance of the Note is \$533,000 and remains outstanding as of December 31, 2022.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Note Details (Continued)

To the extent principal of the Note is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid, subject to discharge on December 16, 2060. To the extent interest on the Note is not paid when due, such interest shall accrue as simple interest at the rate then borne by the Note, subject to discharge on December 16, 2060. The Note and interest thereon shall be deemed paid, satisfied, and discharged on December 16, 2060, regardless of the amount of principal and interest paid prior to the Note Termination Date. The Note is not subject to acceleration. The Note has \$3,167,000 of unused line of credit. No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Note.

Note Pledged Revenue

The Note, together with the interest thereon, shall be secured by the District's covenant to apply the Pledged Revenue pursuant to the Note Resolution, and shall be payable solely out of Pledged Revenue. The Pledged Revenue is moneys derived by the District from the Required Mill Levy, including the Specific Ownership Taxes, after payment of any costs of collection. The Note shall constitute an irrevocable lien on the Pledged Revenue, but not an exclusive lien, subordinate to the lien thereon of the Senior Obligations (if any) and the Pledged Revenue is hereby pledged to the payment of the Note on such subordinate basis. Amounts due and owing on the Note, shall be paid on a basis subordinate to the lien thereon of the Senior Obligations, if any.

Note Required Mill Levy

The Required Mill Levy is an ad valorem mill levy (a mill being equal to 1/10 of 1 cent) imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in the amount of 50 mills less the amounts of the Senior Required Mill Levy, without adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation or for any other reason, less any mill levy required to be imposed in the applicable year for Senior Obligations, provided, however, in no event may the Required Mill Levy be established at a mill levy which would cause the District to derive tax revenue in any year in excess of the maximum tax increases permitted by the District's electoral authorization, and if the Required Mill Levy as calculated pursuant to the foregoing would cause the amount of taxes collected in any year to exceed the maximum tax increase permitted by the District's electoral authorization, the Required Mill Levy shall be reduced to the point that such maximum tax increase is not exceeded.

Events of Default of the Note

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Note Resolution and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Note Resolution.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Note Optional and/or Mandatory Redemption

The Note is subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in part, and if in part by lot, on any date, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium. The Note is subject to mandatory redemption in part by lot on December 16 of each year (each a Mandatory Redemption Date) to the extent of moneys on deposit, if any, in the Mandatory Redemption Account on November 1st of each year, at a redemption price (the Mandatory Redemption Price) equal to the principal amount thereof (with no redemption premium), plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

Authorized Debt

At December 31, 2022, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Nov	Authorized November 6, 2018 Election		uthorization Used eries 2020	Authorization Used Series 2022			Remaining at December 31, 2022		
Public Improvements	\$	300,000,000	\$	9,211,000	\$	533,000	\$	290,256,000		
Operations and Maintenance		30,000,000		-		-		30,000,000		
Intergovernmental Agreements		30,000,000		-		-		30,000,000		
Refunding		300,000,000		_		-		300,000,000		
Total	\$	660,000,000	\$	9,211,000	\$	533,000	\$	650,256,000		

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$30,000,000.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area; however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any debt issuances is not determinable.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

		 vernmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:	_	
Emergency Reserves	_	\$ 4,800
Total Restricted Net Position	-	\$ 4,800

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit is primarily due to costs of bonds issuance, interest paid on bonds to date, and operating expenses paid by advances from Developer.

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS

Amended and Restated Intergovernmental Agreement with the City of Arvada

Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Intergovernmental Agreement with the city of Arvada dated December 7, 2020, the District shall dedicate the Public Improvements, as defined in the Service Plan, to the city or other appropriate jurisdiction or owners association in a manner consistent with the approved development plans and other rules and regulations of the city and applicable provisions of the City Code. The District shall be authorized to operate and maintain any part or all of the Public Improvements which are not dedicated to the city or other appropriate jurisdiction, including park and recreation improvements, without the consent of the city, in accordance with the approved development plans. The Agreement also restates and affirms certain of the obligations and limitations set forth in the District's Service Plan.

Further, the District agreed to fund \$1,174,787 (Regional Contribution), towards regionally significant improvements associated with the impacts to the city of the development within the District. The Regional Contribution was paid from bond proceeds in 2021. The city agreed that it shall use the Regional Contribution to fund Regional Improvements that shall be owned, operated and maintained by a public entity, and shall be limited to sanitation, water, streets, safety protection, fire protection, parks and recreation, transportation, and mosquito control improvements and facilities.

NOTE 8 RELATED PARTIES

The property within the District is being developed by Ridge Road Capital Investment LLC (the Developer). During 2022, a majority of the members of the Board of Directors were officers or employees of, or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in matters involving the District.

Public Improvement Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement

The District and the Developer entered into a Public Improvement Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement on November 13, 2019. Pursuant to the Agreement, the District and the Developer acknowledge that the District is authorized to construct, acquire and install public improvements and other facilities and services that benefit the Property, subject to the limitations set forth in the Service Plan and the Special District Act.

Pursuant to the Agreement, the obligations of the District in this Agreement are subject to annual appropriation and shall not be deemed to be multiple fiscal year obligations for the purposes of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, and may not exceed amounts permitted by the District's electoral authorization and Service Plan. The District's obligations under this Agreement shall terminate at the earlier of the repayment in full of the Certified District Eligible Costs or twenty (20) years from the execution date. The District agrees to reimburse the Developer for certified construction costs related to public improvements together within simple interest that shall accrue on amounts reimbursable to the Developer under the Agreement, until paid, at the rate of eight percent (8%) per annum. Prior to reimbursement, the Developer is required to provide certain materials to the District for review. Following receipt of such materials the District's accountant and engineer shall review the materials to substantiate the costs and issue a cost certification to the District. No payment is due until the District has adopted an Acceptance Resolution.

As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances under this Agreement totaled \$4,233 and accrued interest totaled \$237.

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Operations and Maintenance)

The District and the Developer entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement on November 13, 2019, the First Amendment on October 20, 2021, and the Second Amendment on October 19, 2022, for the purpose of funding operations and maintenance costs. The Developer agreed to loan to the District one or more sums of money, not to exceed an aggregate of \$200,000 through December 31, 2023. Thereafter, the Developer may agree to renew its obligations by providing written notice thereof to the District, in which case the termination date shall be amended to the date provided in such notice, which date shall not be earlier than December 31 of the succeeding year.

NOTE 8 RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Operations and Maintenance) (Continued)

Pursuant to the Agreement, the obligations of the District in this Agreement are subject to annual appropriation and shall not be deemed to be multiple fiscal year obligations for the purposes of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, and may not exceed amounts permitted by the District's electoral authorization and Service Plan. The District's obligations under this Agreement shall terminate at the earlier of the repayment in full of the Certified District Eligible Costs or twenty (20) years from the execution date. With respect to each loan advance made under this agreement prior to the issuance of any Reimbursement Obligation reflecting such advance, the interest rate shall be 8% per annum, from the date any such advance is made, simple interest, to the earlier of the date the Reimbursement Obligation is issued to evidence such advance, or the date of repayment of such amount.

As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances under this Agreement totaled \$174,157 and accrued interest totaled \$20,971.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATION

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 6, 2018, the District's voters approved for an annual increase in taxes of \$5,000,000 for general operations and maintenance without limitation of rate. This election question allowed the District to collect and spend the additional revenue without regard to any spending, revenue raising, or other limitations contained within TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SABELL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

DEVENUE	Original and Final Actual Budget Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	Φ.	400 400	Φ.	100 101	Φ.	0
Property Taxes	\$	183,102	\$	183,104	\$	2
Specific Ownership Taxes		12,817		12,570		(247)
Net Investment Income		1,000		17,244		16,244
Total Revenues		196,919		212,918		15,999
EXPENDITURES						
County Treasurer's Fees		2,747		2,750		(3)
Contingency		5,503		-		5,503
Bond Interest - Series 2020A		369,750		369,750		-
Paying Agent Fees		7,000		7,000		-
Total Expenditures		385,000		379,500		5,500
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(188,081)		(166,582)		21,499
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,146,418		1,147,430		1,012
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	958,337	\$	980,848	\$	22,511

SABELL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	ı	Budget			Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original	Juaget	Final	Amounts			legative)
REVENUES	<u> </u>		7 111001113				
Other Revenue	\$ -	\$	300,000	\$	_	\$	(300,000)
Total Revenues	-		300,000		-		(300,000)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Outlay	1,000,000		500,000		342,096		157,904
Bond issue costs	-		100,000		88,000		12,000
Engineering	-		-		1,733		(1,733)
Contingency	_		300,000		_		300,000
Total Expenditures	1,000,000		900,000	-	431,829		468,171
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Bond Issuance - 2022	-		700,000		533,000		(167,000)
Developer Advance	1,000,000		500,000		343,829		(156,171)
Repay Developer Advance			(600,000)		(445,000)		155,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,000,000	-	600,000		431,829		(168,171)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year							
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	_

OTHER INFORMATION

SABELL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

\$7,395,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds Series 2020A Senior Bond Issue, Dated March 5, 2020 Interest Rate 5.000%

Interest Payable June 1 and December 1

	Interest Payable June 1 and December 1						
Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total				
2023	\$ -	\$ 369,750	\$ 369,750				
2024	15,000	369,750	384,750				
2025	85,000	369,000	454,000				
2026	95,000	364,750	459,750				
2027	100,000	360,000	460,000				
2028	115,000	355,000	470,000				
2029	120,000	349,250	469,250				
2030	135,000	343,250	478,250				
2031	145,000	336,500	481,500				
2032	160,000	329,250	489,250				
2033	170,000	321,250	491,250				
2034	185,000	312,750	497,750				
2035	195,000	303,500	498,500				
2036	215,000	293,750	508,750				
2037	225,000	283,000	508,000				
2038	250,000	271,750	521,750				
2039	260,000	259,250	519,250				
2040	285,000	246,250	531,250				
2041	300,000	232,000	532,000				
2042	325,000	217,000	542,000				
2043	340,000	200,750	540,750				
2044	370,000	183,750	553,750				
2045	385,000	165,250	550,250				
2046	415,000	146,000	561,000				
2047	435,000	125,250	560,250				
2048	470,000	103,500	573,500				
2049	495,000	80,000	575,000				
2050	1,105,000	55,250	1,160,250				
Total	\$ 7,395,000	\$ 7,346,750	\$ 14,741,750				

SABELL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Year Ended	V	Prior Year Assessed aluation for urrent Year Property	Mills Le	vied for	To Propert	otal tv Tax	es	Percent Collected
December 31,		Tax Levy	General	Debt Service	Levied		Collected	to Levied
2020	\$	286	72.363	0.000	\$ 21	\$	21	100.00 %
2021		1,493,200	16.699	55.664	108,052		108,055	100.00
2022		3,289,422	16.699	55.664	238,032		238,034	100.00
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,								
2023	\$	4,351,865	16.087	53.625	\$ 303,377			